

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

CHINA.

Report from Shanghai—Inspection of vessels—Smallpox—Hongkong declared to be infected with plague and smallpox.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Ransom reports, February 28, as follows: During the week ended February 24, 1906, one original and one supplemental bill of health were issued, and there were inspected 2 steamers, 178 crew and 37 steerage passengers. Twenty-nine packages of personal effects belonging to crew and steerage passengers were disinfected, and two packages were inspected and passed. Two vaccination certificates were issued to steerage passengers bound to the United States, and 1 emigrant for San Francisco, per steamship *Coptic*, was rejected on account of trachoma. Manifests were viséed for 563 pieces of freight.

The weekly report of the municipal health officer shows 2 deaths from smallpox. This report is a little misleading, inasmuch as it does not show, by a considerable number, the cases and deaths from smallpox actually occurring in Shanghai.

Hongkong has been declared by the consular body and customs

officials here to be infected with both plague and smallpox.

No reports of quarantinable disease have been received from outports.

CUBA.

Report from Cienfuegos—Inspection and fumigation of vessels.

Consul Bachr reports, March 26, as follows:

Week ended March 24, 1906. Bills of health issued to 6 vessels bound for the United States with 165 crew. Of these vessels the Spanish steamship *Riojano*, that cleared for Galveston, Tex., on the 23d, and the Norwegian steamship *Volund*, bound for New Orleans, La., on the 24th, were both duly fumigated by the Cuban authorities at this port, according to quarantine regulations prevailing. No passengers. The sanitary conditions of these vessels were reported good; no sickness.

No quarantinable diseases reported at this port during this week.